IT WILL CONTAIN THE LATEST NEWS

FROM ALL PARTS OF THIS CONTINENT Received up to the time of going to Press.

The Edition of The New-York Tribune for Eq. rope, made up for the mails by the America, from on TO-MORROW, will be found to contain a iete digest of all the late local and political the latest intelligence from Canada, Mexico, ac.; California, Isthmus and South American news; full and accurate Money and Market Reporte ; a carefully prepared Shipping List; Editorials on all subjects of present interest; and an account of American Affairs since the sailing of the last steamer, in the English, French and German languages. Persons desiring to send to their friends in Europe, will find this sheet all that can be desired in the way of complete and accurate news.

THE WHIG PRIMARY MEETINGS in the several Wards of our City take place this day or evening, according as they may be called by the several Ward Committees. Do not neglect and Iron falls, until only a few of the most favor-

.. See Ward Calls on the next page The Tariff Question in 1849. merce is King.' Buy cheap and sell dear is its First Commandment,--- bay for the lowest cent, no matter though the seller is starved by his hard bargain. Almost everybody who thinks himself anybody wants to live out of the profits of others' labor by contriving, directing and bargaining-nobody bones down to hard work who an manage to live any other way. It is a matter of social respectability-a mark of caste-to be able to consume much and produce nothing, and the noisiest brawler for Democracy and Equality at the Polls or in the Bar Rooms dodges into a custom house or some other well-paid, lazy berth the first chance be can get, and leaves Productive Industry to those who can't avoid it. Whoever thinks at all can hardly fail to perceive how this general tendency conduces to and insures an extravagant, bloated, monstrous stimulation and ex pansion of Trade. Everybody is keen for specu ation; very few have any confidence in patient lodding Industry as a means of acquiring wealth From baby-jumpers to grave-yard accommodations, everything that Man can use, some air and less water excepted, is the foot-ball of Traffic and Speculation. And, while nine-tenths of the more especially trading class die bankrupt or in penury, Trade still, absorbing most of the Ananciering talent of the civilized world, con trives to absorb most of the realized fruits of Toil. cessful Commerce founds the Colleges, and they teach the doctrines it loves to hear; it patronizes Authers, and the books of Political Economy are mainly written to prove that 'Whatever is right, in the mercantile sense of the axiom. The gospel of Supply and Demand-the law Buy where you can cheapest, sell as dear as ible, is fundamental to the recognized commercial ethics, and, everybody being in fact or in aspiration a trader, is the law of modern socie ty. Yet the very men who adhere to it, preach i live it, revolt at once at any novel yet perfectly legitimate application of it, which bears severely on themselves or others and does not conduce t filling their own pockets. Let a doctor say to morrow to a rich man who has just had his le eat off: "Sir, if the effusion of blood is not stop ped in five minutes you are a dead man; ye

The world is just as reasonable as this. -We have now nearly closed the third year of an avowedly Revenue, anti-Protective Tariff In fact, it is on some points Protective, on others its hostility to Protection is carried to an extreme suicidal to Revenue. It is the child of various party necessities, and their contradictory traits are stamped on its angainly features. It tries to be sweet on Sugar and strong with Hemp, be cause its authors feared the producers of those articles; but it is full of deceit and the poison of asps is under its lips. The Hemp which it preon which it also professes to impose thirty per per cent. it lete in as Flannels, Baizes, &c. wenty-five, and as Blankets at twenty. The thus duped by a pretense of favor, is driv en from his own markets by South-American Wool made into British Blankets and thus admitted at a rate one-half less than is charged to the American importer of just such Wool, who must pay higher for his labor, and contend agains riper experience and larger aggregations of cap tal. Yet the farmer is told he has twenty pe when h fact the Foreign Wool is extensively lmitted at twenty per cent. in such shape as to eprive the American farmer of a market not only wool but for the fuel mests, vegetables, &c which would be consumed by the cloth-makers it the fabric were made in this country, even out foreign material. The act is full of such juggles.

ere is no other person who can stop it within

or I won't do it'-and ninety-nine out of every

handred would kick the law of Sapply and De

mand to kingdom-come and execrate the doc

tor for acting on their own cherished principles

cent-nothing is Specific. One effect of this is to create and preserve a glaring and indefensible inequality of exactions at different ports of the . At two ports only twelve miles apart, the rticle has been entered this summer at on raiged at \$1 50 and paying 45c. duty, at the other valued at 80c. and paying 24c. duty—a difference of 874 per cent. Railroad Iron of like quality ha tered the same week at Si. sterling at one ort and at 54. 15s. at another, paying \$1 20 more to de case than in the other. Of course erty mus. still greater. And such in any pres. al man may see, is insep atames and operation of Ad sy make the difference between a profits de and a losing adventure. If sternty upright

This Tariff is consistent in a single feature—it

dherence throughout to Ad Valorem Duties .-

Every article charged at all pays so much per

Valorem Duties. Kvery man engaged in importing goods naturally wishes to get them in ascheaply as possible, for ten per cent in the valua importers will not undervalue, they will be under-sold and driven out of the trade by men who will-And custom-house valuations always do and must depend in a great degree upon the invoice; fo rhe can tell upon casual examination how much barrel of Watch Movements, for example, is really worth? It might be worth \$100,000, and may not be worth \$5,000. Competent Appraiser me within a stone's throw of it, but inde ent, accurate valuations at the custom hous annot generally be made. The American Importer has no fair chance with his Foreign rival under a system of Ad Valorem

this particular invoice of goods) than he will sell

ess than the American Importer can

duties. In the first place, the foreign manufac terer of goods can honestly swear that they con anting his rents, machinery, fixed salreonal services, &c. as nothing, since set have been paid if he had not made

be seen by our Telegraphic dispatch, had arrived at LOSS OF GILDERSLEEVE'S PARTY OF CALIFOR

cost him (to make) \$90,000, while the Amer. ions importer cannot bay them for fees than \$100,000, and the duty is 25 per cent.—here is \$2,500 clear profit to the Foreigner and loss to our Rev-eaue in the difference of duties—the foreigner paying \$22,500 daty, while an American importer of a like invoice must pay \$25,000. How many repetitions of this per annum could the American

strict honesty, but it is notorious that invoice valcations are often-we might say oftener-no conest. A bookselling friend ordered an invoice of books from London. The books arrived, as an invoice by letter in the same steamer, on which he paid the duties without hesitation or scruple. On opening the books, he found enclosed anothe invoice, charging the books much higher-the real invoice, the other being only intended for the cur. tom-house. He wrote to the London house for an explanation, not choosing to be presumed a rogue

posed would be agreeable-meant no offense, cer tainly, but a good turn in the common way. In this game of undervaluing, the American, i disposed to play it, has no chance with the Foreigner. The former's character, property, busi ness are all staked and all lost if he is detected in willful fraud; the former is safe in a distant land, while his agent in this country has nothing to lose, and may be started at another point next season if 'unfortunate' here. Can any man ask why so large a share of our importing business is the hands of Europeans

thout warrant beyond the fact that he was in

trade. The London house explained that it had

only done what was customery and what it sup-

Home Industry finds a blight in these Ad Valorem Daties. When a great staple-Iron, for example-bears a high price, then the duty is high ust when our Iron-makers have least need of it But the demand falls off, the market is glutted, ably located works can afford to make it at all .-Now, as fast as the price falls, the duty also falls, so that the thirty per cent. duty, which was ample when Iron was high, sinks almost to nothing as Iron gets lower and lower. If Bar Iron was worth \$100 per ton, the duty would be \$30; but the price of Iron falls to \$40, and now the duty is but \$12. Thus the bighest amoun of duty is exacted where the least is needed. and as the price is pressed down the daty sinks also, and the American producers of Iron are thrown out of work by their own country's Tariff, which is contrived as if expressly to durange and destroy their business. When the price and duty as the price falls off, the duty falls off as well, and the Iron business is thus doubly kicked down hill. The British producer for our market finds some compensation for the decline of price in the cor. esponding decline of duty, while to his American

ompetitor the misfortune is doubled. American Freemen! Statesmen! whatever you may think of Protection or Free Trade, give us an onest and stable system-give us Specific Duties

Loco-Foco Nomisations .- The Convention at Cammany Hall last evening made the following additional nominations :

For Street Commissioner-Isaac B Smith, Ninth Ward. Commissioner of Streets and Lamps-BARTHOLOMEN Punny, Fourteenth Ward. Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies-DANIEL J.

Nonars, Fifteenth Ward. City Inspector-Tuonas K. Downing, Thirteenth ARM. B. Davis is the Loco-Foco candidate for Assem

bly in the XIIth District, Fourteenth Ward. Herkiner, are renominated as candidates for Senators is will not be a very serious loss if both of them are no essected. We had hoped that the Whigs would put it combation men who would be an ornament to the Senator he only merit of these nominatons.

We find the above in the Albany Knicker ocker, edited by a sort o' Whig office-holder, hold ng his appointment from the Custom-House We don't think such intimations are in strict accordance with our Collector's last speech as we are very sure they cannot be with his feel ings. We do not happen to know Senator Bunca very well, but GEORGE GEDDES we do know, and tee was the accomplished author of "Horse Sho more intelligent, capable, vigilant legislator has seldom been seen at Albany. He is emphatically ighton Law Reform, the economical management half a mile, and I must have ten thousand dollars the State Works, and almost every question that comes up in our Legislature, and his deleat would be a public more than a party loss. We shall be disappointed if he does not run ahead of his ticket, in defiance of the paltry fling of this tool

more canning factionists OF PENNSTLVANIA and Onto hold their Stat. lections (for Legislature, &c.) to-day. The forper will go Whig, if nine teaths or over of last year's vote shail be called out; if not, it will prob ably be lost.

From Onio, we have advices which assure us that the Whigs hope to carry the Legislature, and will try. But how are they to do it with the Reserve and other Whig strongholds torn to pieces by the Free-Soil distraction, and the Free-Soil leaders more malignant against the Whige than tends to subject to thirty per cent. duty, it lets in the Loco-Focos are ! All we can fairly hope for is who have been led to turn their backs on them selves without knowing it.

I It is rumored that Mr. Raymond of the Co-

The above paragraph floats from paper to aper just as if somebody put faith in it. The story is a very absurd one. Mr. Raymond may very possibly be going to Albany to edit a differ ent Whig paper, but not the Evening Journal -When Mr. Weed consents to leave that paper we shall doubtless first hear of it through some other channel than the Evening Mirror.

Loco-Foce Nominations. Albany Co .- The two factions of this County net in separate Conventions at New-Scotland on Satirday last, 'kissed and made up' by dividing the pros pective spoils so as to give the Barnburners the candidates for Sheriff, Justice, two Coroners and the Assemblymen in the Hd and IVth districts, and the Hunkers the Clerk, two Coroners and the members from the

Sherif-LAWRENCE FENNER of Rensselserville. Clerk-ANTHONY BLANCHARD of Albany. Justice-P. F. Dorr of Watervliet.

More About the Storm.

ist and Ilid Districts. The nominations were as fol-

The Church in Madison-avenue which was slown down by the gale of Saturday night, was the Presbyterian Church at the corner of Twenty-ninth st. and not the Catholic Church at the corner of Twentyeighth, as stated in our report.

A brick house in Twenty eighth-st between Broad-way and Fifth av. which had lately been rebuilt, was also blown down, and almost entirely destroyed.

In Williamsburgh, the new Methodist Church in source of erection on South-Fifth et near Fifth et sufbred serious injury. The walls, which were of gross thickness, and substantially built, were blown down.

Several trees were blown down on South-Seventh at out no other serious disaster occurred. Our reporter was misinformed with regard to the famage said to have been sustained by the new burch belonging to the Saptist Tabernacle Society situated in the Second avenue, and we are assured, on the best authority, that it was not inclerially injured, but withstood the storm in a manner creditable to the builder and all concerned in its erection.

THE CALIFORNIA WHIG .- We have already an succed that Mr. JAMES M. CANNE, formerly edito ous writer, and a young man of great energy, is about to commence the publication of a weekly journal at San Francisco, to be called the California Whige rebants and others who desire a good paper from the Pacific will have an opportunity to subscribe for the Waig to-day and to-morrow, at the Merchants Exchange, from 2 till 3 o'clock.

The steamer Senator from this City, as wi

STANS.—In accounts from the Plains, the disappearance of a portion of a New York party, under Gilderabore the celebrated pedestrian, has been several times re-erred to. A latter received in this city, dated Aug. It

ferred to. A letter received in this city, dated Aug. 16, from Sants F6, says:

"Capt. Marcy who accompanied this large company from Fort Smith, Ark. to this place, started to the States to-day by a new route. There was a company, (16 wagons with oxen and 49 or 39 men.) from New-York, under Capta Glidersieeve and Reeven, who left the States with us but could not keep up. They had bad luck, their oxen having used and some of their wagons left on the roud. They then not out of provisions and got scattered. Some were 250 and others 130 miles behind us. Two of their company west on shead of the rest to overtake us, and have got lost, and zever have been heard of since, as two of the party informed us who went shood to get provisions for the rest."

[Baltimore Sun.

Death of Edgar A. Poe.

EDOAR ALLAN POR is dead. He blied in Baltinore the day before yesterday. This announce ment will startle many, but few will be grieve by it. The poet was known, personally or by eputation, in all this country; he had readers in England, and in several of the states of Continental Europe; but he had few or no friends and the regrets for his death will be suggested principally by the consideration that in bim literary art has lost one of its most brilliant but erratic stars. The family of Mr. Poe-we learn from Gri

wold's "Poets and Poetry of America," from

which a considerable portion of the facts in this notice are derived-was one of the oldestand most respectable in Baltimore. David Poe, his paternal grandfather, was a Quartermaster-General in the Maryland line during the Hevolution, and the intimate friend of Lafavette, who, during his las visit to the United States, called personally up the General's widow, and tendered her acknowl edgments for the services rendered to him by he ousband. His great-grandfather, John Poe, mar ried in England, Jane, a daughter of Admire James McBride, noted in British naval history and claiming kindred with some of the most ill rious English families. His father and mothe -both of whom were in some way connecte with the theater, and lived as precariously their more sifted and more eminent so died within a few weeks of each other, of c sumption, leaving him an orphan, at two years of age. Mr. John Allan, a wealthy gentleman of Rich mond, Virginia, took a fancy to him, and persuaded his grandfather to suffer him to adopt him. He was brought up in Mr. Allan's family, and as that gentleand heir. In 1816 he accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Allen ward passed four or five years in a school kept at S lewington, near London, by Rev. Dr. Braneby. He turned to America in 1892, and in 1825 went to the where he led a very dissipated life, the manners of the college being at that time extremely dissolute. He took the first homors, however, and went home greatly a debt. Mr. Allan refused to pay some of his debts Acaer, and he hastily quitted the country on a Quixotic expedition to join the Greeks, then struggling for liberty. He did not reach his original destination, how ever, but made his way to St. Petersburg, in Russia he was extricated by the late Mr. Henry Middleton, th in 1829, and immediately afterward entered the Milit y Academy at West-Point. In about eighteen month com that time, Mr. Allan, who had lost his first wif sixty-five years of age, and the lady was young ; Poe quarreled with her, and the veteran husband, taking e part of his wife, addressed him an angry lette which was answered in the same spirit. He died so ter, leaving an infant son the heir to his property, an

requesthed For nothing.

The army, in the opinion of the young cadet, was not a place for a poor man, so he left West-Foint ab ruptly, and determined to maintain himself by author ship. He printed, in 1827, a small volume of poems most of which were written in early youth. Some these poems are quoted in a reviewal by Margaret Fu er, in The Tribune in 1816, and are justly regarded a among the most wonderful exhibitions of the precious development of genius. They illustrated the character of his abilities, and justified his anticipations of success. For a considerable time, however, though wrote readily and brilliantly, his contributions the journals attracted little attention, and his hopes aining a livelihood by the profession of literatur vere nearly ended at length in sickness, poverty at deepair. Fut in 1831, the proprietor of a weakly greate, in Baltimore, offered two premiums, one for the nxiously for the decision. One of the Comm were scarcely less eminent than he for wit and critics sagecity. Such matters are usually disposed of in prizes drink to the payer's health, in good wines, over the unexamined MSS, which they submit to the discre ion of publishers, with permission to use their name in such a way as to promote the publishers' advantag So it would have beau in this case, but that one of the Committee, taking up a little book, in such exquisi press of Putnum, was tempted to read several page and being interested, he summoned the attention of th ompany to the half-dozon compositions in the volume t was unanimously decided that the prizes should Not another MS, was unfolded. Immediately the idential envelop' was opened, and the suc

petitor was found to bear the scarcely known name The next day the publisher called to see Mr. Kenne dy, and gave him an account of the author that excite that he should be brought to his office. Accordingly he was introduced : the prize money had not yet bee paid, and he was in the costume in which he had as and pale even to phastliness, his whole appearance ind ated sickness and the utmost destitution. A tatter frock cost concealed the absence of a shirt, and the ru ins of boots disclosed more than the want of stockings But the eyes of the young man were luminous wit ntelligence and feeling, and his voice, and conversation and manners, all won upon the lawyer's regard. Po told his history, and his ambition, and it was deter sined that he should not want means for a suitable sp pearance in society, nor opportunity for a just display of his abilities in literature. Mr. Kennedy accompanied him to a clothing store, and purchased for him a respectable suit, with changes of linen, and sent him t bath, from which he returned with the suddenly

egained bearing of a gentleman. stablished The Southern Literary Messenger, at Rich mond, and upon the warm recommendation of Mi Kennedy, Pow was engaged, at a small salary—we be lieve of \$500 a year-to be its editor. He entered upor his duties with letters full of expressions of the warm est gratitude to his friends in Baltimore, who in five or six weeks were astonished to learn that with chars teristic recklessness of consequences, he was hurried narried to a girl as poor as himself. Poe continued i this situation about a year and a half, in which h wrote many brilliant articles, and raised the Moses per to the first rank of literary periodicals.

He next removed to Philadelphia, to assist Willia E. Burton in the editorship of the Gentleman's Mage ne, a miscellany that in 1840 was merged in Gr ham's Magazins, of which Poe became one of the prize cipal writers, particularly in criticasm, in which his pe ers attracted much attention, by their careful a shiffed analysis, and generally caustic severity. At this period, however, he appears to have been more ambi-tions of securing distinction in remantic fiction, and a collection of his compositions in this department, pubshed in 1841, under the title of "Tales of the Gr tesque and the Arabesque, "established his reputation for ingenuity, imagination, and extraordinary power is

Near the end of 1844 Poe removed to New-York where he conducted for several months a literary mis cellany called "The Broadway Journal." in 1845 he ublished a volume of " Tales" in Wiley and Putnam' ibrary of American Books, and in the same series collection of his poems. Beside these volumes he was the author of "Arthur Gordon Pym," a romance: "A New Theory of English Versification," " Eureka," a essay on the material and spiritual universe a worl which he wished to have "judged as a poem," and several extended series of papers in the periodicals bracing opinions of books and authors; "Beers Autography," and "Sketches of the Lite rati of New-York

His wife died in 1847, at Fordgam, near this City, and come of our readers will remember the paragraphs in the papers of the time, upon his destitute condition lis wants were supplied by the liberality of a few is dividuals. We remember that Col. Webb collected is a few moments fifty or sixty dollars for him at the sum from one of the Courts, in which he was engage then be saw the statement of the poet's poverty | see there illustrated in the same man n appeal to the popular heart.

Since that time Mr. Poe had lived quietly and with an income from his literary labors sufficient for his apport. A few weeks ago be proceeded to Riohmone in Virginia, where he lectured upon the poetical character, &c.; and it was understood by some of his cor respondents here that he was this week to be married most advantageously, to a lady of that city a wido to whom he had been previously engaged while student in the University.

ribe in this very hastily written article ude to some of its more striking phases.

His conversation was at times almost supra-mortal its eloquence. His voice was modulated with astonshing skill, and his large and variably expressive eye ooked repose or shot flery turnult into theirs who lisened, while his own face glowed, or was changeless t callor, as his imagination quickened his blood or draw back frozen to his heart. His imagery was from the worlds which no mortals can see but with the viston of genius. Suddenly starting from a proposition exactly and sharply defined to terms of utmost simplicity and clearness, he rejected the forms of customary his occular demonstrations in forms of gloom ghastliest grandeur, or in those of the most airy and folicious beauty—so minutely, and distinctly, yet sq rasidly, that the attention which was yielded to him was chained till it stood among his wonderful creationsill be himself dissolved the spell, and brought his hearers back to common and base existence, by sulgar fan-cies or exhibitions of the ignoblest passion.

He was at all times a dreamer-dwelling in ideal ealms-in heaven or hell-peopled with the creatures He walked the streets, in madness or melancholy, with lips moving in India el, that he was already damned.) but for their happi ness who at the moment were objects of his idolatry or, with his glances introverted to a heart gnawed wit anguish, and with a face shrouded in gloom, rave the wildest storms; and all night, with drenched garments and arms beating the winds and rains, would evoked by him from the Aidenn close by whose por tals his disturbed soul sought to forget the ills to which his constitution subjected him-close by the Aldenn where were those he loved—the Aldenn which he might scelve the less fiery and more happy natures whose destiny to sin did not involve the doom of death.

He seemed, except when some fitful pursuit subjuga-

the memory of some controlling sorrow. The remark able poem of The River was probably much more pear y than has been supposed, even by those who were very intimate with him, a reflexion and an echo of hi

Unbappy master,
Whem unmerciful disaster
Followed fast and followed faster,
Til his songs the burden bore—
Till the dirges of his hope, the
Meianchoir burden bore
Of "Nevermore," of "Nevermore."

Every genuite author in a greater or less deg saves in his works whatever their design, traces of his personal character: elements of his immortal being, is which the individual survives the person. While we ead the pages of the Fall of the House of Usher, or o Memeric Revelations, we see in the selemn and stately gloom which invests one, and in the subtle metaphysi al analysis of both, indications of the idiosyneracles of what was most remarkable and peculiar-in the author's intellectual nature. But we see here only th etter phases of this nature, only the symbols of his uster action, for his harsh experience had deprive im of all faith, is man or woman. He had made up his mind upon the numberless complexities of the cotal world, and the whole system with him was an posture. This conviction gave a direction to his shrawd and naturally unamiable character. villains, the sharpness of his intellect was not of that kind which enabled him to cope with villainy, while i continually caused him by overshots to fail of the success of bonesty. He was in many respects like Francis
Vivian in Bulwer's novel of "The Caxtons." "Passion,
in him, comprehended many of the worst emotions
which militate against human happiness. You could
not contradict him, but you raised quick choier; you
could not speak of wealth, but his cheek paled with
gnawing envy. The astonishing natural advantages
of this poor boy—his beauty, his readiness, the daring
spirit that breathed around him like a fiery atmosphere—
had raised his constitutional self-confidence into an arroganor that turned his very claims to admiration into
prejudices against him. francible, envious—had enough,
but not the worst, for these salient angles were all varnished over with a cold repellent cynicism, his passions
vented themselves its neares. There seemed to him
no moral susceptibility; and, what was more remark
able in a proud nature, little or nothing of the true
point of honor. He had, to a morbid excess, that desire
to rise which is vulgarly called ambition, but no wish
or the exteem or the love of his species; only the hard
wish to succeed—not shine, not serve—succeed, that he
wish, have the right to destrice a world which railed ontinually caused him by overshots to fail of the suc

We have suggested the influence of his sims and We have suggested the influence of his sims and victastitudes upon his literature. It was more conspicuous in his later then in his earlier writings. Nearly all that he wrote in the last two or three years—including much of his best postry—was in some sense biographical; in draperies of his imagination, those who had taken the trouble to trace his steps, could perceive but slightly concealed, the figure of himself.

There are perhaps some of our readers who will understand the allustions of the following heartiful near

derstand the allusions of the following beautiful poem Mr. Foe presented it in MS. to the writer of these paragraphs, just before he left New York recently sarking that it was the last thing be had written ANNABEL LEE

It was many and many a year ago,
In a kingdom by the sea
Taat a maiden there lived whom you may know
By the name of ANNABEL LEE;
And this maiden she lived with no other thought
Than to love and be loved by me.

ras a child and she was a child,

And this was the reason that, long ago, In this kingdom by the sea.
A wind biew out of a cloud, chilling
My beautiful ANNAREL LEE:
So that her highborn kinemen came
And bore her away from me,
To shut her up in a sepulchre
In this kingdom by the sea.

The angels, not half so happy in heaven,

Chilling and killing my ANNABEL LEE.

But our love it was stronger by far than the love
Of those who were older than we—
Of many far wiser than we—
And neither the angels in heaven above.
Nor the demons down under the sea.
Can ever dissever my soul from the soul
Of the beautiful ANNABEL LEE.

Of the beautiful ANNABEL LEE:
For the moon never beams, without bringing me dreams
Of the beautiful ANNABEL LEE;
And the stars never rise, but I feel the bright eyes
Of the beautiful ANNABEL LEE:
And so, all the night tide, I lie down by the side
Of my darling—my darling—my life and my bride,
In her sepulchre there by the sea...
In her tomb by the sounding sea.

We must omit any particular criticism of Mr. Poe's rorke. As a writer of tales it will be admitted gen erally, that he was scarcely surpassed in ingenuity of construction or effective painting. As a critic, he was more remarkable as a dissector of sentences than as a nmenter upon ideas : be was little better than carping grammarian. As a post, he will retain a most honorable rank. Of his "Ravon," Mr. Willis observes, that is his opinion "it is the most effective single exthat is his opinion "it is the most effective single example of fugitive poetry ever published in this country, and is measurpassed in English poetry for subtle cooption, masterly ingenuity of versincation, and consistent sustaining of imaginative lift." In poetry, as in prose, he was most successful in the metaphysical treatment of the passions. His poems are constructed with wonderful ingenuity, and finished with consummate art. They illustrate a morbid sensitiveness of feeling, a shadowy and gloomy imagination, and a taste almost faultiess in the apprehension of that sort of beauty most agreeable to his temper.

We have not learned the circumstances of his death, it was sudden, and from the fact that it occurred in Salimore, it is to be presumed that he was on his return to New York.

"After life's stiful fever he sleeps well."

After life's fitful fever he sleeps well."

MARRIED On Funday evening, Out T, by Raw E, P, Hatfield, Mr. JAMES B, Will-D of Williamstraph to Main MART E, HALART of the City, On the Affection of Sept. 8, by G. H. Folker, D. D. Mr. ARCHI BALD D. GRIEFF, merchaint, of the City of New Orleans, La. 8 Mare ANSA C WORM, famphine of William Worm, Eng. of the City.

DIED

tives of the family are respectfully invited to Therefor, effection at 3 white from the MAN SAN AND AND ELIZA DOGGETT, wife of of the age are of the Assistant of the City House, in Seed S. F. Con. a. PHILLIP BRUSH, on the 23d year of

The character of Mr. Poe we cannot attempt to des | BY TELEGRAPH TO THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE. For telegraphic dispatches received in the ing Edition of yesterday, see First Page.

ONE MONTH LATER FROM CALIFORNIA. The Falcon's Advices-T. Butler King Dantien-California to be a State, &c.

New Onleans, Saturday, Oct. 6-A M. The steamship Falcon, at this port from Chagres n 5 days and 18 hours, brings \$70,000 in gold dust, a large mail, and 40 passengers (our other dispatch said for New-York. The steamship California was to have sailed from Panama for San Francisco on the 27t alt the Senstor on the 1st, the Union on the 8th, and the Panama on the 13th.

The health of the lathmus was good, and the roads ere more easy for traveling, they having been greatly

The dates from San Francisco are to the 1st Septem ber. Gen. Persifer F. Smith had gone on an expedi-tion to the mountains. Col. Fremont was at Monterey The Milnor, from New York, arrived at San Francisco n 120 days.

The Vice-Consulate at the Sandwich Islands slied at an Francisco on the Bith August. Lieut. Beall, bearer of dispatches from New York arrived at San Francisco and proceeded to Gen. Smith's

headquarters. Thomas Butler King was lying dangerously lil o lious fever, and his recovery was considered very

The Convention for forming a State Constituti the Convention for forming a State Constitution me it Monterey on the Sist of August. It was said to have seen composed of men of intelligence and integrity. The flag ship Ohio, Commodore Jones, the Warren formmodore Long, and the frigate Savannah, Capt worldes, were at San Francisco. The Savannah is to Voorbles, were at San Francisco. The Savannah is to believe the Obio, to sail for Boston on the 11th of September, via Valparaiso. Commodore Jones continues a command of the Pacific squadron.

The steamhip Empire City left Chaptes on the 28th it. for New-York. The steamer Fanama brought 500,000 in gold dust and 159 passengers. She arrived t Passeng on the 23d inst.

his bealth improving.

A San Francisco letter says that a constitution will be formed and members elected to the Legislature by the 1st of November.

Results of the Georgia Election.

Macon, Ga. Monday, Oct. 7.

All the counties in this State have been heard rom but three, from which it appears the Legislatur will stand as follows :

In the Senate the Loco-Focus will have 25 members and the Whige 24. In the House the Loco-Focos will have 67 members and the Whige 63.

Towns, the Loco-Foco candidate for Sovernor, h een elected by a majority of 3,800 votes.

Later from Havana.

New Caleans, Friday, Oct. 5

By advices from Havana, we learn that a quartities had been established.

Brenk in the Levee, &c. Ngw Calgars, Sunday, Oct. 7.
The levee on the coast fronting the First Municipality, from St. Louis to the Beef Market, has given way one or two feet, making encroachments toward Paver Porren, on New Levee st. No danger, however,

The weather this morrhing is quite con-Considerable excitement exists in reference to the approaching state election, and meetings are held by both parties nearly every night. The Whigs and Lo co-Focus are both equally confident of the success of their respective candidates. The Falcon sailed yesterday for Chagres, with I passengers from this port and 66 from New York.

Later from Kington, Jam.

Naw Calrans, Sunday, Oct. 7.
We have advices from Kingston to the 19t inst. The Liberals assert that they have acquired co-siderable strength by the result of the late election. The Government papers express a belief that their will be no renewal of the factions in opposition to the

Santa Anna and family were at Kingston on the 18th and attended a concert the day before. Later from Chagres Marine Disasters.

CHARLESTON, Monday, Oct. 8-4 P.M.
The steamship Alabama has arrived at Nev
Orleans from Charres, whence she sailed on the 28
ult. She reports the loss of the schooner John
Rater from Warren, R. I. bound for California, in t
Straits of Magellan, on the 28th of June. She r
schore on a rock during a snow storm and severe ga
The cautain and crew were carried into Callacon it.

The U. S. propeller Edith, from San Francisco for San Diego, went ashure at Point Draphon, and it is leared she will prove a total loss.

Departure of General Taylor on a Visit to

Departure of General Taylor on a Visit to Philadelphia and New-York-Conyalescence of the Attorney General, &c.

Washington, Monday, Oot. 8-P.M.

The President of the United States, and Hos.
Wm. B. Freston, the Secretary of the Navy, will leave this city for Baltimore on Thursday, the lith inst. and leaving next morning for Philadelphia, arriving there on Friday, 12th inst. in the evening. He will leave Philadelphia on Monday, the 15th inst. and strive in New York about 3 o'clock on that day, and again return to the Capital on Thursday, the 18th inst.

No appointments were made to-day.

Hon. Reverdy Johnson, Attorney-General, who has been ill, is again recovering his health, and will be enabled soon to resume his duties.

Markets ... NEW ORLEANS, Oct 5. The demand for COTTON since the receipt of the Canada's advices has been very limited, and at price in favor of the buyer. The sales are but 500 bales.

Markets NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 7. Markeis... New-Orleans, Oct. 1.

The demand for COTTON continues limited, and the sales are scarcely worth reporting. During the week the sales have reached 5,700 bales at rather easier prices, factors being ready sellers. The quotations are, for good middling 104 to 104, good fair 124 to 13. The receipts since the 1st of September were 3,619 bales against 72,412 bales the same time last year. The stock on hand is 37,250 bales against 67,706 bare last year.

There is a large supply of Rick in the market, and prices are on the deciline. Some small sales have been made at 440.

Weather very cold. Thermometer in the shade 56.

Markets ... Burrato, Oct. 5-6 P M. Receipts within the past 48 Aburs - FLOUR, 2,000 bbls: Whrar, 40,000 bushels: Coxn, 13,000 bushels. The market for Western FLOUR is firm with a fair demand for the home: trade and for export. The sales embrace 2,000 bbls: mostly Michigan, at 4 62; There is not much loquiry for Winnar and the sales are small; for prime Ohio 95 conts is saked. Cosn is in good demand market better. The sales reach 34,000 bushels Western Mixed at 33 cents. Oars are selling at 31; cts. There is no change to notice in Faricarrs.

Markets ALLENY Oct 5-6 P M Markets...Aleany, Oct. 8-6 P. M.
Receipts by Canal within the past 43 hours...
FLOUR, 11,000 bbis, WEEAT, 10,000 bush Coan, 17,
600 do; Barley, 19,000 do.—The market is firm for
FLOUR, owing to light receipts. Coan is in good in
quiry and market firm at 612-61; c. in Rry, the sale
are 2,000 bush at 574c. For Barley, the demand con
tinues active—the sales reaching 40,000 bush, includin,
Mixed at 39-800c, and Four-rowed at 62-652; c. Sale
5,000 bush O are at 38-250c.

CITY ITEMS.

Doises at the Fair .- The Cattle-Show wil be held to morrow and next-day, at the corner of Fifth-avenue and Twenty-fifth at Madison Cottage. The ex-hibition of animals promises to look well.—The Anniversary Address, (for which tickets may be obtained gratis at the Clerk's office in the Fairt) will be delivered by Hon, Lavy Woodsaws in the Tabernacle, on Thurs-day evaning. Music will be storded by a choir under the direction of Mr. Andrews. On Saturday evening of this week, the Pyrotechnic display in competition to premiums will come off at Castle Garden.

-To-day, the exhibition of Roses and Dablies e continued as full as yesterday, the untowardne of the weather yesterday having prevented so full an attendance as usual-and, from time to time, bands music will perform within the Garden.

General Training" came off yesterday secording to law, and was attended by a great many nteresting, funny, heart rending, trowsers tearing and ist amashing scenes and incidents, which we haven't GT A Grand Musical Festival in sid of the

talian Refugees takes place to morrow evening, in the Tabernacle. The most distinguished artists in the City have volunteered their friendly services for the occa sion. Tedesco, Vita, Novilli, Corelli, and other en sent musical performers, with the choruses of the Italian Opera and grand Orchestra, under the direction of Signor Barill, present attractions which are rarely equaled, to the lovers of good music, in addition to the generous objects of the entertainment. We hope to

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION .- We take pleasure in directing the attention of young men to the advertisement of this Association which appears to day in our columns. It will be seen that liberal arrange ments have been made for instructing its members in the languages, mathematics, &c. &c. by Teachers of experience and ability, and at an extremely moderate charge. In the department of Lectures an engagement has already been made with Mr. Gilles, always a fa vorite with the New-York public, for a course prepared tops of Men ELIZABETH LABOUR .- expressly for the Institution, and which he has

to procure the services of other gentlemen of the highorder of talent to deliver Lectures during the Fal

The Association continues in a most flourishing condition, and, although the "California fever" carried off a great number of its members, the list has been kept up by the constant addition of new recruits.

Miss Demilt, a highly respectable lady of the old Knickerboeker school, recently deceased, has beneathed the institution \$3,000. This legacy reflects nor on the generous testatrix, and will, we doubt not, prove to have been most judiciously bestowed.

THE RACES .- The four-mile race over the Union ourse was won by Tally Ho, Free Trade being distaneed, Bostona winning one brat. Time 7 335, 7 43 Course, two mile heats, best in three, took place immediately afterward, between Felham, Lady Suffolk and Lady Sutton, the latter winning the money, making the last two heats—time, 516, 517, 527—the first heat eing taken by Pelham.

ORDINATION -The Associate Presbytery ew York will meet in Mr. Batterman's Hall, corner North Fourth and Sixth sts. Williamsburgh, L.I. on Thursday evening next, at 64 o'clock, to ordain Rev W. Cleland. The services will be conducted by Rev. Messrs. Blair, Clements, and Nisbet, New York, and J. Saunderson, Providence,

BROOKLYN AFFAIRS.

CONCERT FOR THE CATHOLIC ORPHANS IN BROOKLYN.-Mr. Hadson, the great Irish comedian, has kindly volunteered his services to give an enter tainment at the Brooklyn Lyccum in Washington at morrow evening, (instead of Monday as previously stated,) at 72 o'clock, for the benefit of the Catholi Orphans in Brooklyn. Tickets 50 cts.

DEATHS AND INTERMENTS FOR THE WEEK END ca Ocr. 6 — Cancer of breast, 1; burned, 1; casualty ; childbirth, 1; cholers infantum, 2; consumption, 5 1; chilabirth 1; cholers infantum 2; consumption, 2; convulsion, 2; croup, 2; congestion brain, 1; do d'ungs, 1; deblity, 2; diarrhea, 5; dropsy, 2; dropsy in the heart, 1; dysentery, 4; dentition, 2; epidemic choless, 1; scarlet fever, 2; typhoid, 2; infamination of brain, 2; do of lungs, 2; do of stomach, 1; do of lurer, 1; marasinus, 2; sprue 1; atiliborn, 1; suicide, 1; unknown, 2; gastro enteritis, 1; tabes mescnieries, 1. Males, 28; females, 25; adults, 97; children, 26. Total, 53.

Interments in Greenwood and other Brooklyn grounds, from New-York and other places, 30. CHAS S GOODRICH, Physician of the Board.

COMMERCIAL AND MONEY MATTERS. MONDAY, Oct 8.-P. M.

There was an improvement in the Stock market generally, although some of the fancies were not better. Governments were in large demand at im proved prices. The demand was believed to be for re-mittance to England, as the reputed buyer is drawing Sterling freely at a trifle below the market rate. There is also some inquiry for other State Stocks, to send abroad. At the Second Board, the market was steady and buoyant for Governments. Reading does not im prove under the report of Mr. Neal.

In Exchange, the market is not active, but very rm. The supply of Sterling is moderate, and the inpulcy ditto. The renewal of the transmission of State Stocks to Europe will reduce the inquiry for bills, or increase the amount offering. France are in good demand, and steady at \$5 23 25 22 The amount bought for this packet, is large. Al

In Freights there is a fair business at low rates The engagements were, Corn, 10,000 bush. 24d; Flour 6 57d. Heavy Freights, 12a 2 15a. Cotton, 75c. To Lon don, Flour at the old rates. To Havre, Cotton ic. To California there is something doing at \$2 50 % \$3 P obl. and 50 Pole. W foot. There are some Freights of ering for Ireland, at about 7d.

We understand a leading Domestic Exchange nouse in Wall-st. with branches in Philadelphia and St ouis, is about to supply the West with a currency in the shape of drafts of small denominations, drawn b the Philadelphia house on the St. Louis house, in favor of the New York house. This is a very wealthy conection, and has unlimited credit at the West, when he drafts will circulate—and probably they will be en abled to keep affoat a large amount: asy, two or three millions of dollars, while the Money market continues se casy as it is now.

The amount in the Sub-Treasury is being refuced by amounts transmitted to Philadelphia for coin age. The receipts to day were \$102,914; Payments \$105,755; Balance, \$3,891,388. The amount of Specie shipped last week, wa

\$103,534, nearly all silver. The amount since the lat anuary, is \$9,273,372. New-York Cattle Market Monday, Oct 3.

of Latin C.TILE. The market or Beaves fixing the week has, or the control of the If the closes.

COWS AND CALVES—There is not much change to not us in the COWS AND CALVES—There is not much change to not us in the market. The demand, if anything, has become a little sinches. Bales it must show pass to see a superior could be superior to the sinches. SHEER AND LANGES—The supery continues to come in very like vity, and proces if anything, are weaker. We quote Sheep at 1 500 73 to 58. Lande 510 25 to 50 16. About 500 jets over unasid.

Harkets CAREFULLY REPORTED FOR THE TRIBERS ASHES - Are dull at \$7 and 6 37 by. Pote are firm, OUTTON - The market is firm, and sales have been made to day at

COTTON-The market is form, and saids after, control of the top point in the control of the top point in the top point in the control of the con

at age any ort. Butter is in good demand for prime. Cheese is all INFS—Sales 500 bales, 1840, first sort, at 135(8) 130, and 30 do sid, 1844, sood, at 135 ho, in both.

LIMB—The sales are 1,000 casks at 16c, cash.

LIMB—The sales are 1,000 cashs at 16c, cash.

LIMB—The sales are 150 cash to be sales at 250 to 45. Crude
To-pentine is 400. In Sports there have been sales of 400 or 500 belts

LIMB—The market is very heavy, and the supple of foreign is arry and present on the market is very heavy, and the supple of foreign is arry and present on the market is less than 1600 pigs American at 4 20, cash.

LIMB—The market is very heavy, and the supple of foreign is arry and present on the market is less than 1600 pigs American at 4 30, cash.

LIMB—The representation that 150 cosh. The imports of foreign Lead cashs March have been equal to 150 00 pigs. It is offered to serve, we understand, at 5 at 91.0 lbs, which is just about cost and charges.

LIMBO—The region is 150, 000 lbs Feruvian was made on private senter.

RAGS-Sales 180 bains Laghorn at 414, 534 and 63/c for Nos. 3. — We note sales 100 slabs Bancs at 16 kgc, usual time. MF—There is no change to cote in American, which is \$150 to Dev critical, with sales 500 bile. Reasons in heavy and oght lower. Bales from sing at \$100, and firm, store at \$200 at in suite at 11 kg \$21 kg; \$2 kg. About in suite first hands. VILERS—The sales of \$100 or 6,000 he made on Friday was

the Rant at 1860, ca h. GROCKRIES—Sales 250 hinds Porto Rico Sugar at full prices, an thirds distalling Molaness at 18340 & gallon. SOLLOW SSTRIER

AMERICAN MUNEUM.—The Grand Musical Enterts neor given by the Brothers Martinetti, yesterday, is to speaked this afternoon and evening. The performan the ophicielde is the most extraordinary exhibition kill and musical talent we have ever wilnessed in the pattern of art. A new pantomine, a new farce, rand Bottle Promenade, and new songs, dances, form a portion of the entertainments.

(If The great counterpart of Nature at the Minery posses is winning all tongues to its praise, and all heart its favor, by its surpassing truthfulness and beauty. A au artistic production it has no superior, and certainly its subjects are those of absorbing interest. From the shores of Lake Eric to the Gulf of St. Lawrence such a succeshe scene from the mellow beauty and enchanting sh of the St. Lawrence to the towering granite banks of the fathomiess Saguenay, which, for their awe-inspiring gran dear, are unequaled in the world. Visit the Colossal Moving Mirror, if you would be interested, amused and profited.

FF HATS FOR EVERYBODY, AND ALL TASTES SCITED. For elderly gentlemen, who require comfort; For middle-aged gentlemen, who desire durability: For the fashionable young man who seeks the fashion; For the gentleman, who studies gentility; And for the batchelor, who wants to be "rejuvinated

Begin at the head, gentlemen, and put on one of Waa-cck's Hats; if the head is right, you are all right. 03 3t WARNOCKS, 203 Broadway. SKILL COMBINED WITH TASTE.-Ten thousand editorie offices written by the best literary talent in this country Knox, the Hatter, 128 Fulton-st.

attest the fact that the quality, style and darability of his Hats, are nnexcelled, while his prices in all cases are wenty per cent. less than any other manufacturer about. ONE THOUSAND PIECES of English Three-Ply. Is rrain Carpeling, Druggets, &c. at Auction prices, at Hi-tank Andrason's, 90 Bowery. For the list of prices we refer you to snother column. By all means call and see. Passengers Arrived

In hers 2 W Brown, from Dublin-Dr Fulding, M Wath, indy and mercupt, and 118 in the stewage. Dr way, Sept. A notice - Leaden, 2d officer, of Southard, ald, Mrs Ellen Brady; also b children. Registh paper

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF NEW-YORK ... OCTOBER 9.

MINIATURE ALMANAC THIS DAY. Tax Sen-Rises. . 6 20 | Sets. . 5 20 | Tax Mono-Rises. . 5 20 | St HIGH WATES. . . Oct. 9 At Sandy Rises. . 0 Stor. At their Island. 1 Wite. | At Hall Gate. 2 32s CUSEE MARINE JOURNAL FOURTH PAGE E

CLEARED - Shops Schoder (Br., Subvia, Montes, R.F. Buca & Co. Haguscat, Trefittus, Sevenesk, Wm Hitchcook, Contry, Smile, S. Fatrick, Waterform, Lonepool, Diegon, Sarks Jacobs (Band), Schker, Alexanders, Exact, Stevens, Sevenes, Stevens, Sevenes, Sevenes, Sevenes, Sevenes, Sevenes, Sevenes, Sevenes, Sevenes, Sevenes, S. Johnson, Common Common (Br.), Octovering, St. John SE, E. J. Johnson, S. G. Burger, S. Johnson, Wheeler, Fig. Elevabeth (St. Hunter, St. Solin, N.S., Sampson, Wheeler, Montes, C. D. Humbett & Co.; Augusta, ..., Samb Vice, Surp.

Frammer, York Rover, Richmond, 667, Pierson, Shop Vigilant, Heath, Providence Shop Vigilant, Arthropipe, Col., Philadelphia

ARRIVED Shop Suffram, White, Charleston S 6s, cotton & c, Vardes, Passengers, Dr G Harrall and J Greens, On Saterlay gight was of the Delaware, bad strong with features and reaching Shop Harrived, Samerinean, Section, W. Schoolson, and Thomas, Passengers, E F Larston, W.S. Samerine, and E. Dons,

here & Dromb.

A three processing of the state of the coal, N York Gas for the said to de f. When wight.

Bart I W Brown, Erems, Dubbis Sept.s, miles, Roche Brothers, Perk Ballone, Mosele, O unphown, DC, Ads. Sour. Manhook & Marshall. Left at the breakwater solar Farquero, fin disregatives for N York. The N was in the breakwater or Sail-field halt the spir insend a severe gate from St. Saveral other vessels note out the gain without damage. Of the More hardward hard to repeat out the gain without damage. Of the More hardward halt three languages of the More hardward that the languages of the More hardward the trapentine. Buy Aros. Spart s, from Kartport A de, field, latti So.

Bry James W K well, Little, Thommanon, minimes. Left whe Alex. Ander, Mitchell, for Philadelphia in 2 days, trig Albert, below, are \$20.20.

Scier Z Stretton, Philadelphia, coni. BELOW - Big John Guttemberg from a Sout

BALLED-Ships Republic, for M. bile: Abby Pratt, New Orber hanceilor, St. Lawrence, Nebranka, Marceiller, barks Olympus, obs., No.: Lamor, Rio Juneiro; Hyperico, S Oriente: Exact, annals, and ottora.

WIND, Oct 8-At everse, S by W | mendian, NE | serset | Miscelluneous.

her. In lat 46 20, lon 29, brig Venture, from the conet of Guinea e Ireland. The captain of the V reported having spoken the back bancalor, of N vira, from Lobaboa for Ireland. Oct 5, lat 21 15, lon 65 a, possed a steamblip steering R. Oct 5, lat 35 29 lon 14 49, brig Analarton, 16 bours from Philadel, erring 50 R. towring 68 K.

Out 4, lat 37 L lou 74 7, saw a hark with a block stripe in her 6 pp and, stearing 3 by W.

Sept 17, was seen by ship Hottinguer for Liverpool, a large steam

owing K. Oct 2, let 41 52, ion 63, saw a large three masted steamer bound E.

Independent Whige of the Fifth Ward! if to save the Ward, we would call upon you to com at and support the ticket headed the "People's Ticket is got up in opposition to the one by the "office-hol

FIFTH WARD-PROPLE'S TICKET

Judicial Convention.

George I. Cornell. Daniel Lord. William H. Meeks Charles J. Howell, John W. Thorne Sylvanus S. Ward.

City Convention. John F. Rodman John Hewitt, Jr Burtte Skidmore, Gen. William Hall, B. A. Mayereau.

Assembly Con

James V. Rich,

John L. Brady, David Stevens, James L. Lyon, Robert Taylor, John Hanns, George Birkbeck, Jr. Alfred Mocks, George A Barney Thomas Flender,

Thomas E. Smith

Alfred Mocks, Thomas Flender,

David S Paige.

For Charter and School Officers.

James L. Waugh, Poter W. Reefus,

George T Rodman, William H. Hampton,

John Fort,

Josiah Herrick. LONDON DOOR MATS, Of the Cane, Brush, and Adelaide styles East India Mate, Fancy bordered Manille and cone Mate.

English Steepskin Mats, Of Golden, Crimson, Blue, Yellow, Maroon, Gr Carriage Mats, &c. &c. English, French and Chinese

Table, Cup and Plate Mate, fall kinds, the latest and most choice styles Just received and for sale at BERRIAN'S House-Furnishing Warerooms.

The trade supplied on liberal terms.

EVERDELL'S WEDDING CARDS.

EVERNOEL'S WEDDING CARDS.

EVERNOEL'S WEDDING CARDS.

For Cards for weddings and visiting elegant fashionably engraved and pristed on the faces plain and eity r-bordered cards.

SPLENDID BRIDAL ENVELOPS.

We are continually receiving, from the most celebrated manufacturers in Paris and London, the most singust and newest styles of bridal curvilops; also; weeding sufers and case boxes in great variety, at Everout's earl establishment, 302 Broadway, corner of Duane-at. Branch office, 2 Wall at. NEW BUCKWHEAT FOR SHIPPING - CROMWELL & SIDE

packages New Holled Buckwheat, of selected qualify. consisting of barrels, halves, quarters, eighth and boxes; also in hags of 47 and 241 bs, packed with the and neatness. Shippers are invited to examine the swis of the packages. BOYS' CLOTHING, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, 33 HAID-

EN-LANE.—As the Fall campaign has fairly commerced, we are prepared to show the best stock of mee's acd boys' overcoats, sacks, pants, vests, &c. ever offered in this city. [\$20 Steod*] BOUGHTON & KNAFF.

COMBS—PREMIUM SERLE, OPEN CHAIN PATTERS, \$5.

COMBS—PREMIUM SERLL, OFEN CHAIN PATTERS, Marche ladice are invited to examine the assortment, which is the largest and most complete in the city. New patterns, very beautiful: a new lot of dressing combs, &c. at the Gold Comb Store. N. B.—Combs at wholesals.

Z. M. QUIMBY, 300, Broad way, of Blood RECONCILIATION.—Dry, suinborn grief, has bere shold is salve the chafed sore of Trouble, and envious Penny, vialending by Luxury's glare abroad, finds home an hamble paradiae and a cordial heaven-tailled to stay the side effects of argument, with such a "wanten"—Formes And oh, sweet, honest Poverty, here you have a boon, in your Wintery, quick-set appetite of struggle, followed by the flowering Spring of your Reconciliation, which uncomes only, because of, as they would, (when dying with the Compuspions

tion) had they known, and taken in time.

MRS. JERVIS'S COLD CANDY.

The UNIVERSALLY-ADMITTED BOD REFERN TOR ALL THROAT AND LUNG COMPLAINTS PREI

possess, as they would, (when dying with the tion) had they known, and taken in time.

way, one door above Franklin-st.

Agents-Rushton, Clark & Co. 110 Broadway; Irvise
Bouse, and 10 Astor House; Mrs. M. Hayes, 175 Broadway;
Brookiye, and by druggists generally.

Each peckage is invariably signed Mrs. Janvis.
Bec sure to sak for Mrs. Janvise Cold Casdy.
Put up in peckages of is, is, is and \$1 cash.